Dug Pake Two Channel Signa	I Converter/Isolator	/Transmitter, Fac	tory Ranged	APD 2036 47
Channel 1: Potentiometer to DC			Channel 2: AC to DC	
 Two Independent Channels with Full Isolation Zero and Span for Each Output Input and Output LoopTracker^a LEDs Output Test/Manual Override for Each Channel Built-In I/O Power Supplies 	C (U) US File E145968 85-265 VAC, 60-300 VDC model only	Sink or Source mA Output for Each Channel 9 10		Removable Plugs
Applications Monitor Position and AC Voltage or Current Convert/Isolate Dual Output Transmitters Channel 1 Potentiometer Input Range Use any 3 wire full-travel potentiometer 1 VDC excitation provided to potentiometer Consult factory for other ranges and configurations Minimum range: 0-100 Ω Maximum range: 0-100 Ω Input impedance: 100 Ω to 1 M Ω minimum Input com. mode rejection: 100 dB minimum Channel 2 AC Input Range		utput LoopTracker LED for Each Channel djustable Output est Function for Each Channel ero and Span for		Andrews J. S. Solid Frankr Bill Bill All N. Solid Strack Bill All N. Solid Strack Bill Bill Bill Bill Bill Bill Bill Bil
Factory configured, please specify input type and range Voltage: 0-50 mVAC to 0-300 VAC Current: 0-1 mAAC to 0-1000 mAAC Measurement type: True RMS Frequency: 40 Hz to 1000 Hz sinusoidal Voltage input impedance: 220 kΩ minimum Current input voltage burden: 1.0 VRMS maximum LoopTracker Variable brightness LEDs indicate I/0 levels for each channel	Free Factory	Each Channel Each Channel Span Zero Channel LED for Each Channel	eter to DC	
Channel 1 and Channel 2 Output Ranges Factory configured, please specify for each output channel Voltage: 0-1 VDC to 0-10 VDC, 10 mA max up to 20 VDC with M19, M29, M39 Bipolar voltage: ± 1 VDC to ± 10 VDC Current: 0-1 mADC to 0-25 mADC, 4-20 mADC 20 V compliance, 1000 Ω at 20 mA Output Calibration Multi-turn zero and span potentiometers for each output channel $\pm 15\%$ of enca a divistment range tunical	C Dimensions 1.78" W x 4.62" H x 4.81" D 45 mm W x 117 mm H x 122 m Height includes connectors	ustom I/O Ranges 17 18 Universal Power nm D	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	See Wiring Diagrams on Next Page
±15% of span adjustment range typical Output Characteristics Linearity: ±0.1% of span Temperature stability: Better than 0.04% span/°C Output ripple and noise: Less than 10 mVRMS Isolation Full 5-way, 1200 VRMs minimum Response Time 70 milliseconds nominal Output Loop Power Supplies 20 VDC nominal, regulated, 25 mADC for each output channel May be selectively wired for sinking or sourcing mA output Output Test	to the inputs. The input ranges and the outp independent and can be specifi economical two channel solutio Typical applications include si redundancy (i.e. to prevent fa device fails), or a combination Each input signal is filtered,	but and provides two optically outputs that are linearly related ut ranges for each channel are ed as required. This provides an on in one device. gnal conversion, isolation, and illure of the entire loop if one of these. amplified, and then passed	for each input, red for each outpuchanges in the process input and These provide a quick visual pictutimes and can greatly aid in saviand troubleshooting. Output Test An API exclusive feature includes channel to provide a fixed output when held depressed. Terminals are also provided to	It) that vary in intensity wi output signals. re of your process loop at a ng time during initial starts output test buttons for each t (independent of the input operate the test function
Front buttons set each output to test level when pressed Each test level potentiometer adjustable 0-100% of span Installation Environment Mount vertically to a 35 mm DIN rail For use in Pollution Degree 2 Environment IP 40 housing, requires installation inside an enclosure -10°C to +60°C operating ambient Connectors Eight 4-terminal removable connectors, 14 AWG max wire size Power 85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC, 6 W maximum D versions: 9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC 50/60 Hz, 6 W maximum	through an opto-coupler to t isolation (input 1, input 2, out this module useful for ground I signal rejection, and noise pick Output Sink/Source Vers Standard on the APD 2036 ar plies for each output channel. selectively wired for sinking or combination of powered or unp How to Order Models are factory ranged. See Ranges and options for each cha Channel 1 input range	tput 1, output 2, power) make oop elimination, common mode up reduction. satility e 20 VDC loop excitation sup- These power supplies can be sourcing allowing use with any owered milliamp I/O devices.	manual override to provide a temp The test output level for each cha able from 0 to 100% of the output aids in saving time during initial st	porary fixed output if desire nnel is potentiometer adjus span. The output test great artup and/or troubleshootin number 20-4 mA out)

- M29 Channel 2 high voltage output >10 V up to 20 V
- M39 Channel 1 and channel 2 high voltage output
- U Conformal coating for moisture resistance

Accessory—order as separate line item

API BP4 Spare removable 4 terminal plug, black

1220 American Way Libertyville, IL 60048

Phone: 800-942-0315 Fax: 800-949-7502

ABSOLUTE PROCESS INSTRUMENTS

Model	Description	Power	
APD 2036	DuoPak 2 channel PotDC, AC-DC	85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC	
APD 2036 D	converter/isolator/ transmitter	9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC	

Instructions

Precautions

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified electrician or instrumentation engineer. See diagram for terminal designations and wiring examples. Consult factory for assistance.

WARNING! Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before connecting or disconnecting wiring, or removing or installing module.

Précautions

ATTENTION! Tout le câblage doit être effectué par un électricien ou ingénieur en instrumentation qualifié. Voir le diagramme pour désignations des bornes et des exemples de câblage. Consulter l'usine pour assistance.

ATTENTION! Éviter les risques de choc! Fermez le signal d'entrée, le signal de sortie et l'alimentation électrique avant de connecter ou de déconnecter le câblage, ou de retirer ou d'installer le module.

API maintains a constant effort to upgrade and improve its products. Specifications are subject to change without notice. See api-usa.com for latest product information. Consult factory for your specific requirements.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including nickel, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Electrical Connections

Polarity must be observed for signal wiring connections. If the input and/or output do not function, check wiring and polarity. Each product is factory configured to your exact input and

output ranges as indicated on the serial number label.

Outputs

For milliamp ranges determine if your devices provide power to the current loop or if the loop must be powered by the APD module. Typical voltage may be 9-24 VDC at your device's terminals if it provides power to the loop.

Device for Output Channel 1	Terminal	Terminal
Measuring/recording device accepts a voltage input.	3 (–)	4 (+)
Measuring/recording device has an unpowered or passive mA input. APD module provides the loop power.	3 (–)	4 (+20 V)
Measuring/recording device has a mA input and powers the current loop.	2 ()	3 <mark>(+)</mark>
Device for Output Channel 2	Terminal	Terminal
Device for Output Channel 2 Measuring/recording device accepts a voltage input.	Terminal 7 (–)	Terminal 8 (+)
Measuring/recording device accepts a		

Input 1, Potentiometer

The potentiometer must be connected to all three signal input terminals as shown. 0-100% of the potentiometer range must be used. A stable 1 VDC source to excite the potentiometer. Voltage drop is measured across the potentiometer, thus allowing any full-range potentiometer to be used.

Potentiometer Input Channel 1	Terminal
Full scale or high side of potentiometer	17 (+1 VDC)
Zero or low end of potentiometer	18 ()
Potentiometer wiper arm	19

Input 2, AC

Any polarity may be used for an AC input. A transmitter DC power supply is available at terminals 22 and 23, but is not commonly used with an AC input.

AC Input Channel 2	Terminal	Terminal
Device with an AC voltage or AC milliamp output.	21	23
Transmitter power supply.	22 (+15 VDC)	23

Module Power Terminals

Check label for module operating voltage to make sure it matches available power. The power supplies are fuse protected and the unit may be returned to API for fuse replacement.

When using DC power, either polarity is acceptable, but for consistency, wire positive (+) to terminal 25 and negative (-) to terminal 28.

Mounting to a DIN Rail

Install module vertically on a 35 mm DIN rail in a protective enclosure away from heat sources. Do not block air flow. Allow 1" (25 mm) above and below housing vents for air circulation.

- 1. Tilt front of module down and position the lower spring clips against the bottom edge of DIN rail.
- 2. Push front of module upward until upper mount snaps into place.

Removal Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal

input, output, and power off.

- Push up on bottom back of module.
 Tilt front of module downward to release upper mount from top edge of DIN rail.
- The module can now be removed from the DIN rail.

Calibration

Input and output ranges are factory pre-configured (at 24°C \pm 1°C). Front-mounted Zero and Span potentiometers for each channel can be used to compensate for load and lead variations.

- Apply power to the module and allow a minimum 30 minute warm up time.
- Using an accurate calibration source, provide an input to the module equal to the minimum input required for the application.
- 3. Using an accurate measurement device for the output, adjust the Zero potentiometer for the exact minimum output desired. The Zero control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its minimum. This will produce the corresponding minimum output signal. For example: 4 mA for a 4-20 mA output or -10 V for a ± 10 V output.
- 4. Set the input at maximum, and then adjust the Span pot for the exact maximum output desired. The Span control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its maximum. This will produce the corresponding maximum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output, the Span control will provide adjustment for the 20 mA or high end of the signal.
- Repeat adjustments for both output channels for maximum accuracy.

Output Test Function

When the Test button is depressed it will drive the output with a known good signal that can be used as a diagnostic aid during initial start-up or troubleshooting. When released, the output will return to normal.

Each Test Cal. potentiometer is factory set to approximately 50% output. Each can be adjusted to set the test output from 0 to 100% of the output span. Press and hold the Test button and adjust the corresponding Test Cal. potentiometer for the desired output level.

They may optionally be externally wired for remote test operation or a manual override. See wiring diagram at right.

Operation

The APD 2036 accepts one potentiometer input and one AC voltage or current input and provides two optically isolated DC voltage or current outputs that are linearly related to the inputs. Green LoopTracker® input LEDs provide a visual indication that each signal is being sensed by the input circuitry of the module. They also indicates the input signal strength by changing in intensity as the process changes from minimum to maximum.

If an LED fails to illuminate, or fails to change in intensity as the process changes, check the module power or signal input wiring. Note that it may be difficult to see the LEDs under bright lighting conditions.

Two red LoopTracker output LEDs provide a visual indication that the output signals are functioning. They become brighter as the input and each corresponding output change from minimum to maximum.

For a current output the red LED will only light if the output loop current path is complete. For either current or voltage outputs, failure to illuminate or a failure to change in intensity as the process changes may indicate a problem with the module power or signal output wiring.



Voltage

Output

Current

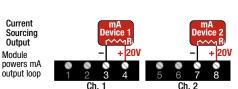
Sinkina

Output

output is

Module mA

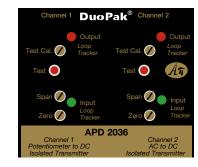
unpowered

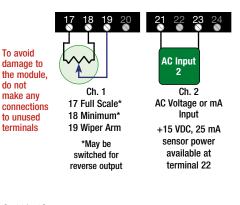


Device

Ch.









To maintain full isolation avoid combining power supplies in common with inputs, outputs, or unit power.

Wire terminal torque 0.5 to 0.6 Nm or 4.4 to 5.3 in-lbs

Absolute Process Instruments

api-usa.com



Ch. 2